ON SOME SCORPIONS COLLECTED IN NORTH-WESTERN ARGENTINE AND BOLIVIA BY BARON ERLAND NORDENSKIÖLD

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DETERMINED BY

Dr. Einar Lönnberg.

Baron Erland Nordenskiöld, having just returned from an expedition to the interior of South America, has handed over to me for determination the Scorpions collected by himself and other members of the expedition. There are no new species in this collection but as the districts (Northwestern Argentine and the Bolivian Chaco) investigated by this expedition are only little and incompletely known in zoological respect I have thought it suitable to prepare the following short notes.

The collection comprises four species.

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Fam. Buthidæ.

Subfam. Centrurinæ.

Tityus trivittatus Kræpelin var. confluens Borelli.

Several specimens collected in the Bolivian Chaco (at Tatarenda and other places) seemed to me to belong to this species, and more especially to the variety named *confluens* by BORELLI¹. KRÆPELIN has also distinguished the same variety

¹ Boll. Mus. Zool. Anat. Comp. Torino Vol. XIV, N:o 336, 1899.

with the following words. »Andererseits finden sich auch Exemplare, deren Cephalothorax und Abdomen bis auf das letzte Segment beraucht ist (wohl als Varietät zu trennen)»2. None of the specimens now on hand showed namely the three longitudinal stripes on the back of the trunk. The genus Tityus includes, however, so many uniform and only with difficulty discernible species that I wanted to make sure by asking the author of this species about his opinion. I had the more reason to do so, as I had no suitable material for comparison. Director KRE-PELIN most kindly answered at once: »Der Tityus entspricht in jeder Hinsicht meinem T. trivittatus wie Sie bereits vermuteten. and he added that the dark colouration of the back was most probably to be regarded as a juvenile characteristic. largest specimen collected by Baron Nordenskiöld has a total length of about 55 mm, but it is dark coloured all over the back with the exception of the last segment. Director KRÆPE-LIN says, however, in his letter that this one is "erheblich kleiner» than the striped specimens of the Hamburg Museum. Dr. Borelli has found a specimens of his variety confluens measuring 60 mm, in length. This one was also found in Bolivia. But the same author has striped specimens from Paraguay and Argentine only measuring 55 mm. in an adult stage. The length of the species is in »Tierreich» (l. c.) indicated to be »bis 50 mm.». The small youngs in Baron Nordenskiöld's collection have an identical colouration as the large ones although the legs and tail are of a paler yellow, Comprising all these facts I think I may be justified in expressing my opinion in the following way. In Bolivia is to be found a variety of Ti'yus trivittatus KRÆPELIN, named by Borelli confluens, which even in the adult stage has retained a juvenile characteristic viz. a dark colouration of the back with the exception of the last segment.

The striped type-specimens were from Paraguay.

² Tierreich: 8 Lief. Scorpiones p. 83. Berlin 1899.

Fam. Bothriuridæ.

Brachiosternus Weijenberghi (THOR.) forma intermedia n.

Two specimens from Ojo de aqua in the province de Salta, Northwestern Argentine, are interesting because they seem to be intermediate between B. Weijenberghi and B. Ehrenbergi such as these are defined by KRÆPELIN (Tierreich 1. c.). They resemble namely the latter species therein that a granulated median keel can be distinguished on the lower surface of the fifth caudal segment, and the proximal granules of the lateral series on the movable finger have a tendency to move in among the main series. On the other hand, however, there are only three trichobothria on the lower surface of the tibia and 5-6 such ones on the lower side of the hand as in B. Weijenberghi. caudal segment is as broad as long, the second conspicuously longer than broad. From this it becomes probable that future investigations shall show that the western B. Ehrenbergi is connected with the eastern, B. Weijenberghi by a series of intermediate forms and these specimens having been collected rather far west constitute some of the intergraduating links.

Bothriurus Dorbignyi (Guér.).

This species is represented by several specimens from different localities viz. 2 sp. from Tatarenda, Bolivian Chaco, 1 young sp. from Crevaux at Pilcomayo, Bolivian Chaco, 1 young sp. from Arroyo del medio, Prov. de Jujuy, Northwestern Argentine, 1 sp. from Aqua Blanca in the same province and 2 large specimens from S:ta Clara in the same province. The two last ones are remarkable for their great size as they have attained a length of 106 mm. This is not less than 20 mm. more than the maximum length recorded by Kræpelin (l. c.). Borelli did not obtain any larger than 75 mm.

Bothriurus vittatus (Guér.).

Two specimens from Tatarenda in the Bolivian Chaco. BORELLI has also found it in Bolivia and it is also known as well from Argentine and Brazil, as from Chili and Peru.

All these four species are typically South American like their congeners, and thus certainly indigenous.

SÄLLSYNTARE COLEOPTERA.

III. Från Stockholmstrakten.

Helophorus strigifrons THOMS. Sthlm (Skanstull) maj 1901. Cercyon littoralis GYLL. Sthlm (Skanstull) vid en bäck aug. 1900. Philonthus chalceus STEPH. Sthlm (Skanstull, Djurgården m. fl. st.) ej sällsynt i utsipprande saft vårtiden.

Quedius scintillans GRAV. Sthlm (Djurgården) i rutten svamp okt. 1901. Sunius pulchellus HEER. Sthlm (Rackarebergen) juni 1901, april 1902. Förut funnen i Hall, vid Fjärås af I. B. ERICSON samt vid Kalmar af E. L. HAGLUND.

Oligota subtilis KRAATZ. Sthlm (Rackarebergen, Skanstull) under stenar april 1902.

Baryodma verna SAY. Sthlm (Skanstull) juni 1901.

Leptusa fumida ER. Sthlm (Djurgården) under bark 24 maj 1902.

Gnypeta carbonaria MANNH, Sthlm (Skanstull) vid en bäck maj 1901.

Homalota occulta Er. Sthlm (Skanstull) maj 1901.

Tachyporus solutus ER. Sthlm (Skanstull) våren 1901.

Phlæostiba plana PAYK. Sthlm (Skanstull) i björksaft 27 maj 1902.

Bolitobius trinotatus ER. Sthlm (Skanstull) i björksaft 18 maj 1902.

Agathidium badium ER. Sthlm (Skanstull) under almbark våren 1901.

Scaphisoma boleti PANZ, Sthlm (Skanstull) på trädsvamp (Boletus) juni 1901.

Epuræa longula ER. Sthlm (Skanstull) våren 1901.

Cantharis pellucida FABR. Sthlm (Skanstull) 1901.

Hypophlæus fasciatus FABR, Sthlm (Djurgården, Albano) under ekbark maj, aug. 1902.

Ceuthorrhynchus chalybaus GERM. Sthlm (Skanstull) 1900.

Longitarsus tabidus FABR. Sthlm (Skanstull) 1900.

Longitarsus pratensis PANZ. Sthlm (Skanstull) 1900.

Stockholm, aug. 1902.

Eric Mjöberg.